



Central Ohio Primary
Care and Patient
Centered Care

History of COPC

- Formed in 1996: 33 physicians from 11 practices
- Hospitalist program
- Administrative services
- Ancillary services
- Contracting leverage
- Single record
- Quality

COPC Today

- Largest physician owned PCP group in the country
- 300 physicians in 57 locations
- 60 % Internal Medicine
 - 70 dedicated Hospitalists
 - 12 Endocrinologists
 - 8 Infectious Disease
 - 4 Physical Medicine
 - 1 Cardiologist
- 20% Pediatrics
- 20% Family Medicine

COPC Today (cont.)

- 2nd generation EHR. eClinicalWorks. Includes patient portal
- 350,000 active patients
- 44 level 3 NCQA certified PCMHs
- High complexity laboratory serving 385,000 patients in 2015. 1.3M lab tests
- Diabetes, Asthma, COPD and smoking cessation disease management programs
- High complexity Radiology and Cardiac testing
- Physical Therapy

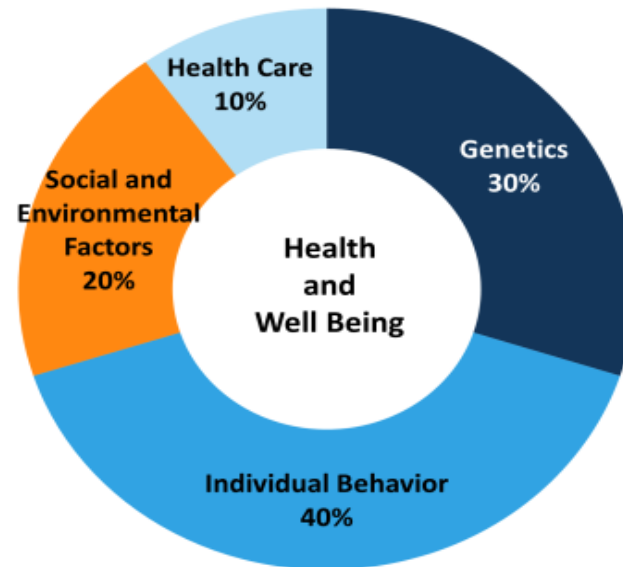
The Problem with Healthcare

- We can not sustain our cost trajectory
- We are not getting value defined as quality per dollar spent
- FFS is not patient centered care
- We are “killing” our Primary Care Physicians

Recognize our limitations

Figure 1

Impact of Different Factors on Risk of Premature Death

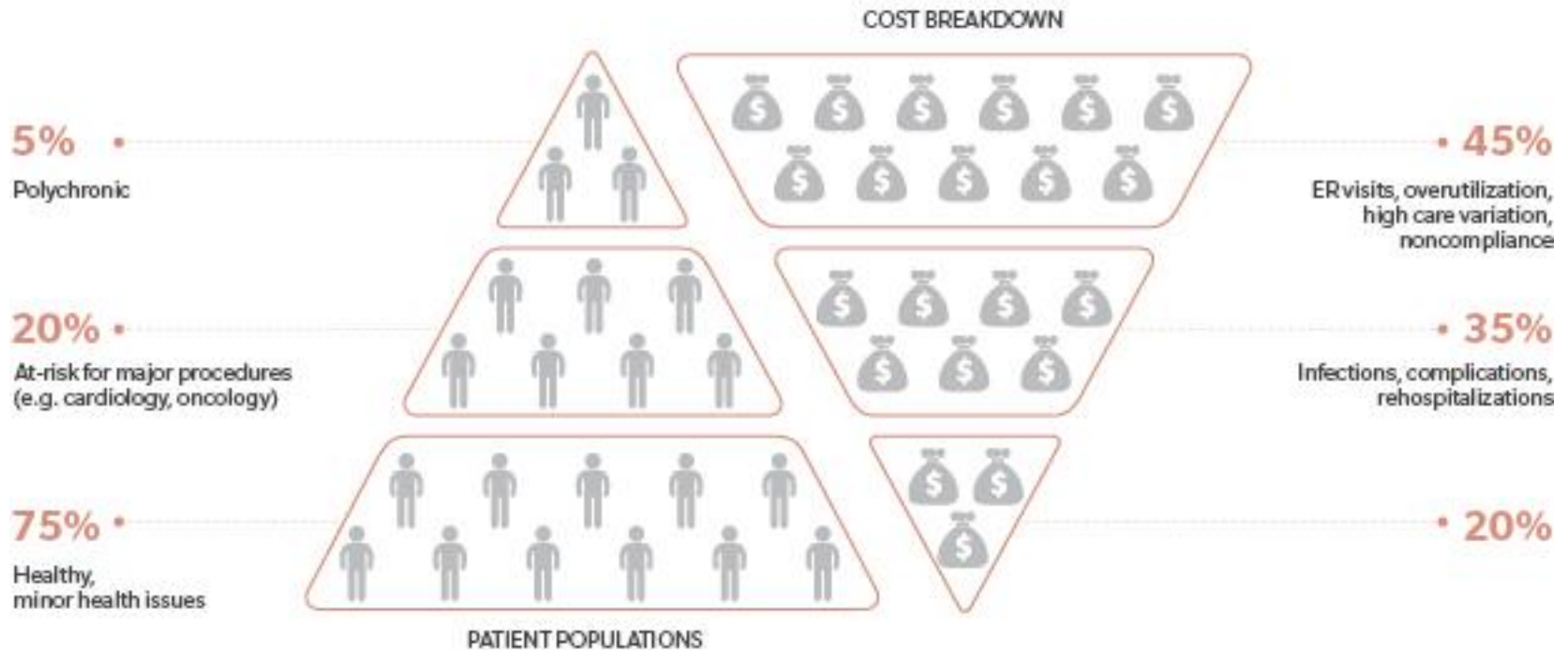


SOURCE: Schroeder, SA. (2007). We Can Do Better — Improving the Health of the American People. *NEJM*. 357:1221-8.

Which patients are in the greatest

THE UPSIDE DOWN PYRAMID (TODAY)

Population health must target the top two layers and use the savings to keep the bottom layer healthy



COPC Patient Centered Care

- Began with PCMH program in 2011. Largely a commercial insurance initiative
- Expanded to a population health program in 2014 focused on high risk MA patients
- COPC chose not to be an ACO

2011 PCMH Initiative

- 2011-2014: 44 sites accredited by NCQA
- PCMH is team care with patient at the center of care. All site employees have a role in care
- Patients have a more active role
- Our Goals: 1) Improve access
2) Standardize quality goals for chronic conditions

Improving Access

- Open PCP schedules for acute visits and hospital discharges
- COPC Same Day Centers opened
- **RESULT:** COPC ER/1000 is 30% below market

PCMH clinical goals

■ Pediatric: Obesity

ADHD

Asthma

■ Adult: Lipids

High Blood Pressure

Diabetes

COPC Education Programs

- Diabetes Education: >1000 patients/year
< 10% diabetics poor control
- Asthma Education: Reduced pediatric ER 75%
- Smoking Cessation classes
- COPD education

2014 Population Health initiative

- Expanded in 2014 to address Medicare Advantage population of 20,000
- All MA contracts have shared savings
- Includes: Transition Nursing
Visiting Physician
Hospitalist expansion
Quality Nurses
Care Coordination Teams

Transition of Care Nursing

- 14 dedicated RN's
- Meet with each patient upon admission
- Manage discharge and follow up appointment
- Telephone contact at 48 hours

- **RESULT:** 30 day readmit rate for MA patients is below 7% with national avg. 19%

Visiting Physician

- Dedicated physicians for home visits
- Patients: Unable or unwilling to see physician
Crisis patients
- 2 visits / day per physician
- Improved palliative and hospice care
- **RESULT:** 71 Medicare admissions prevented in 2 years for savings of \$780,000

Hospitalist Services

- Expanded from two to four hospitals
- COPC is placing hospitalists at our expense

Quality Nurses

- 5 embedded RN's use plan claims data and EHR to close care gaps
 - Examples: mammography, colon Ca screen, immunizations
- Follow quality metrics for both HEDIS and Stars measures
- Message physicians with EHR

Care Coordination

- Identify patients in 5% highest risk recognized by hospitalization or physician referral
- RN/LSW to assess and meet clinical and social needs
- 1000 patients enrolled in 2015

■ RESULT:	2013	2014
COPC admits/1000	191	151

national avg. 284 (Ohio in 2012, 329/1000)
400 admissions prevented on 10,000 patients

Medical Neighborhood

- Address barriers to care and health

Financial

Transportation

Mental illness

Social support

Housing

Education

Rising Risk Population

Those in the 20% that are “next years” high risk patients

- Diabetes out of control

- COPD

- Asthma

ER Intervention

- Observation stays have increased
- Pilot program with 9 payers at local ER
- Physician and RN in ER
- Access to outpatient record and schedule
- **RESULT:** 400 observation stays prevented in 9 months. Estimated \$1.2M savings

What are we learning?

- Incentives drive behavior for both patients and physicians
- Patient centered care creates value
- PCP burnout is real and a threat
- ER utilization remains too high
- Few employers are demanding value
- Skilled nursing is over utilized

2016 Initiatives

- Improved End of Life Care
- Skilled nursing facility initiative
- Admitting Officer of The Day for ER intervention
- Evening call center for patients

QUESTIONS?

